

# Recent advances in deep learning applied to skin cancer detection

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#### Introduction



• Skin cancer is the most common type of cancer worldwide

Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, both sexes, all ages



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Data source: GLOBOCAN 2018 Graph production: IARC (http://goo.iarc/r/today) World Health Organization World Health
Organization
International Agency for
Research on Cancer 2018

#### Introduction

- Strong lack of qualified professionals and medical instruments
- Computer-aided diagnosis (CAD) systems are very desired





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Deep learning methods have been achieving remarkable results

## Dermatologist-level classification of skin cancer with deep neural networks

Andre Esteva<sup>1</sup>\*, Brett Kuprel<sup>1</sup>\*, Roberto A. Novoa<sup>2,3</sup>, Justin Ko<sup>2</sup>, Susan M. Swetter<sup>2,4</sup>, Helen M. Blau<sup>5</sup> & Sebastian Thrun<sup>6</sup>

#### Automated Melanoma Recognition in Dermoscopy Images via Very Deep Residual Networks

Lequan Yu,\* Student Member, IEEE, Hao Chen, Student Member, IEEE, Qi Dou, Student Member, IEEE, Jing Qin, Member, IEEE, and Pheng-Ann Heng, Senior Member, IEEE

#### Classification of the Clinical Images for Benign and Malignant Cutaneous Tumors Using a Deep Learning Algorithm

Seung Seog Han<sup>1,7</sup>, Myoung Shin Kim<sup>2,7</sup>, Woohyung Lim<sup>3</sup>, Gyeong Hun Park<sup>4</sup>, Ilwoo Park<sup>5</sup> and Sung Eun Chang<sup>6</sup>

#### Skin Lesion Classification Using Convolutional Neural Network With Novel Regularizer

MARWAN ALI ALBAHAR<sup>©</sup> Ite Rashd College for Management Science, Abha, Saudi Ambia (c-mail: marwanalialbahar@gmail.com) Deep learning ensembles for melanoma recognition in dermoscopy images

## Deep learning applied to skin cancer detection





- InceptionV3
- 757 types of skin diseases
- Competitive performance comparing to 21 dermatologists

Esteva, Andre, et al. "Dermatologist-level classification of skin cancer with deep neural networks." Nature 542.7639 (2017): 115.

#### Deep learning applied to skin cancer detection





- Resnet-50
- The model outperformed 136 out of 157 dermatologists

Brinker, Titus J., et al. "Deep learning outperformed 136 of 157 dermatologists in a head-to-head dermoscopic melanoma image classification task." European Journal of Cancer 113 (2019): 47-54.

## Deep learning applied to skin cancer detection





- 26 skin diseases
- Images and patient metadata

Liu, Yuan, et al. "A deep learning system for differential diagnosis of skin diseases." arXiv preprint arXiv:1909.05382 (2019).

#### The rise of smartphone apps



Zakhem, George A., Catherine C. Motosko, and Roger S. Ho. "How should artificial intelligence screen for skin cancer and deliver diagnostic predictions to patients?." JAMA dermatology 154.12 (2018): 1383-1384.





- 1. Dataset
- 2. Interpretability
- 3. Privacy and safety



- There is a lack of open datasets
- International Skin Imaging Collaboration (ISIC)
  - Archive of dermoscopic images
- There is no open archive for clinical images
  - Essential for smartphone apps

#### 1. Dataset



Sair

SADE

Bem vindo ao Software de Análise Dermatológica!



#### Clinical images and patient demographics

Pacheco, Andre G.C., and Renato A. Krohling. "The impact of patient clinical information on automated skin cancer detection." Computers in biology and medicine (2019).

#### 1. Dataset



- Relatively small datasets lead to bias!
- Ex:
  - Ethnicity or type of skin
  - Artifacts on the images





- 1. Dataset
- 2. Interpretability
- 3. Privacy and safety



- Presenting only probabilities is not enough
- Dermatologists and clinicians are interested in insights and visual explanations
  - Why this lesion instead of only which lesion.
- Interpretability brings the clinicians to the decision process
  - Focus on collaboration instead of replacement

## 2. Interpretability



• Attribute detection instead of only lesion prediction



Dermoscopy. 7-point checklist, 2019. http://www.dermoscopy.org/consensus/2d.asp

## 2. Interpretability



Visual Question & Answering (VQA) for skin cancer detection





- 1. Dataset
- 2. Interpretability
- 3. Privacy and safety



- Smartphone apps have the potential to deal with the lack of dermatoscope
  - Many are available on the internet for self-examination
- This is a great tool, but we must be careful
  - "With great power comes great responsibility"
- These apps also have the potential to harm the user/patient
  - Miss-classifications may lead to false sense of security or unnecessary worry



- Most of the apps do not provide:
  - Disclosure of authorship
  - Data transparency
  - Scientific evidence of their performance

Chao, Elizabeth, Chelsea K. Meenan, and Laura K. Ferris. "Smartphone-based applications for skin monitoring and melanoma detection." Dermatologic clinics 35.4 (2017): 551-557.



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  - Data transparency
  - Scientific evidence of their performance
- Can we trust these apps?
- Should these apps be available to general users with no expert supervision?





- Deep learning has become the standard approach to deal with skin cancer detection
- We need to focus more in interpretability
  - It is not man against machine!
- Smartphone apps have a strong potential
  - But important issues must be addressed before make it available to users





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